

SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXI NO. 221

SEYMORE, INDIANA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1912.

PRICE TWO CEN

STREET BUSINESS TAKES MUCH TIME

Council Finds Many Things To Be Decided Relative To the Permanent Improvements.

WALNUT STREET IS ACCEPTED

One Contract On Ewing Is Also Approved and Prima Facie Assessment Rolls are Ordered.

The greater part of the time of the regular council meeting held last night was taken up with the discussion of the improved streets and some of the talks were somewhat heated and bitter. Mayor Swope presided and all the council men were present.

After the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, Buse, chairman of the finance committee, reported that the city would soon be required to pay for the intersections of the new streets and that this would require more money than the city had on hands, although there was a sufficient amount to tide the administration over till the next council meeting when some provisions would probably be necessary.

Day presented the certificate of the completion of North Ewing street from Seventh to Ninth streets as prepared by the city engineer, and after this was read, introduced a resolution accepting the contract as performed by DeGolyer and Company. The total cost of this contract amounted to \$3,192.92 and the prima facie assessment roll was ordered. Sherman Day moved that the city council with the city engineer, inspect the street Monday morning at 9 o'clock and his motion was carried.

Buse offered a resolution to appropriate \$1,000 from the finance fund to the street fund, and after the rules were suspended the motion was adopted unanimously.

Sherman Day reported that the weeds on South Carter street should be cut and that the ditch southwest of the city should be cleaned, and at his suggestion, the street commissioner was instructed to do the work.

Hodapp, chairman of the park committee, reported that some of the shade trees around the park should be trimmed and that the work had been ordered. He also reported that the city engineer had drawn up plans for the erection of several improvements in the park and moved that the city clerk advertise for bids as soon as the plans were submitted. Upon the motion of Misch, Hodapp's motion was amended so that the plans would be submitted to the council before the bids were advertised for.

Davison stated that last night was the time to hear remonstrance against the preliminary assessment roll of the Jeffersonville improvement, and as no objections were filed, offered a resolution confirming the assessment roll and ordering the clerk to prepare a certified copy of the assessments and file the same with the city treasurer for collection. The cost of the improvement was \$2,249.65. City Engineer Douglass reported that he had not prepared the prima facie assessment roll for the north Chestnut street improvement.

(Continued on Page 4, Column 4.)



On every outing:

KODAK

Week-end trips to the country, visits to lake or seashore, all invite your Kodak. You have the fun of taking pictures and the pleasure of possessing a picture story all your own. It is easy to Kodak.

Let us show you.

Andrews Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

PUT OFF TRACTION CAR BECAUSE HE WAS DRUNK.

Jack Smith of Scottsburg Pleads Guilty to the Charge and is Given Usual Fine.

Jack Smith, of Scottsburg, has found out that the I. & L. Traction Company enforces its rule that no person intoxicated can ride upon its cars. Smith came to Seymour Thursday and boarded the car which leaves here about 5:30 for his home. When the car reached Brown street the conductor noticed that he was under the influence of liquor and put him off. The police were notified and Smith was placed in jail over night.

This morning he was arraigned in Mayor Swope's court and plead guilty to the charge and was given a fine of \$1 and costs which were stayed.

He said that he was employed at Scottsburg and should be there for work this morning and left shortly after the trial for his home.

The traction companies are following a strict enforcement of the rule that no person shall be a passenger on their cars while in an intoxicated condition, and the conductors have been given instructions to stop the cars and put such passengers off whenever found.

SPECIAL INSTITUTE PRICE ON MARRIAGE LICENSES

Cause of Slow Sales Appeared on Opposite Side of Price Card Thursday.

A few days after the teachers' institute convened at Brownstown, someone printed a sign stating that the stock of marriage licenses was getting low and that parties desiring such papers would do well to purchase them before the stock was completely gone. The sign was prepared for the benefit of the school teachers and was hung upon the door of the office of County Clerk Willard Stout.

After the sign had been exhibited for a short time, some of the teachers believed that the stock of marriage licenses would meet with a more ready sale if a bargain price was placed upon them and some one set a price of 49 cents each as a special during institute week. However, Miss Mary Manion, deputy county clerk, reported that in spite of the bargain price which had been placed upon the licenses, business was slow and only the regular sales were made. This fact evidently became known among the teachers and the reason for the slow state of affairs was made known by a sign which appeared yesterday upon the reverse side of the card and read: "We proposed, but they refused."

Sunday Sermon.

Dr. D. L. Thomas, pastor of the First M. E. church, will give an address Sunday evening upon the labor question of today. Dr. Thomas has given this problem special attention and having considerable experience himself, is well informed upon all phases of the question and invites all laboring men of the city to hear his sermon.

Seba A. Barnes returned Thursday afternoon from Greensburg where he assisted the prosecution in the Price murder trial. Mr. Barnes was also employed by the prosecution in the first trial held several weeks ago. At both trials he made the principal speeches for the state.

Use Republican Want Ads. for Results.

Specials for Friday and Saturday

Potatoes, per sack	20c
70c sack Star Soap	65c
Pickle Pork, per pound	10c
Jowf Kingans, per pound	12½c
Lard, pure, per pound	14c
Lard, cottonseed, per pound	12c
15c box Toilet Soap	10c
2 Bars Calumet Soap	5c
Loose Roasted Coffee, per lb.	23c
Hams, Krogers Best, per lb.	19c
Butter country extra fine, lb.	28c
5c Box Tooth Picks	2c
25c Jelly Glasses	22c
3 Bars Lenox Soap	10c
3 Boxes Matches	10c
3-10c Boxes Oats	25c
25c can Mother's Talcum powder	10c

Matinee Saturday Afternoon as Usual From 2:30 till 4:30 p.m.

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Sunday School Lesson

Lesson IX. September I
DEATH OF JOHN THE BAPTIST. Mark 6:14-29

GOLDEN TEXT.—Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life.—Rev. 2:10.

This lesson is a look backward to the murder of John the Baptist and the cause of it. Tidings of the mighty works done by Jesus and His followers had reached the ears of King Herod, and he was perplexed and thought that John must be risen from the dead. Others said, "It is Elijah," and all others said, "It is one of the old prophets risen again." Herod said, "John have I beheaded, but who is it of whom I hear such things?" (Luke ix, 7-9.) It is said that he desired to see Him, and when just before His crucifixion Pilate sent Him word, who was in Jerusalem at the time, it is written that he was exceedingly grieved for he was desirous to see Him of a long season, because he had heard many things of Him, and now he has seen some miracles done by Him (Luke xxiii, 8). Herod's question, "Who is this?" is one of the greatest of all questions. We find it in Luke xxx, 21, in connection with His seeming surety for His people; in Isa. xlii, 1, in connection with His coming in judgment; in Luke v, 21, in connection with His forgiving sins, and in Luke vii, 40; also in Matt. xix, 19, as He entered Jerusalem on the last day. Blessed indeed are all who know that not only is Israel's Messiah and a great head of the church and the King of kings and Lord of lords, but as their own personal Savior, He became surety for them, took their sins in His own body and has made them of the forgiveness of their sins. Apart from this personal knowledge of Him as the one who loves us and gave Himself for us (Col. ii, 20), else is as nothing.

The question is on to tell us why Herod killed John. He had taken Herodias, the sister of Philip's wife, to his wife, now John had told him that it was not lawful to do this. Therefore, Herod had had an inward grudge against John and would have killed him if he could (verse 19, margin). Yet Herod, knowing John to be a just and holy man, heard him gladly and did many things and kept and saved him (verse 20, margin). Thus things went on. Herod knowing and admiring the light, yet doing the wrong, and Herodias a sort of Jezebel to help him in the wrong, and the devil controlling all. What a picture of real life it is, for the devil is still the god of this world, and the world itself in the wicked one!

Now we have an account of one of the devil's supreme occasions—Herod's birthday and a supper for his lords, high captains, and chief estates of Judaea. It must have been a great gathering of the notable people of the world, which multitudes would consider it a honor to be invited—a kind of Caesar's feast on a smaller scale, but with the same spirit of impudence and disregard of God. Oh, how much there is of it today and even among those who are called Christians! But the world is ever the same, whether it be godly or the religious world, and all that is in the world, the lust of the flesh and the lust of the eyes and the pride of life, is not of the Father, but of the world.

"The friendship of the world is enmity with God" (1 John ii, 15-17; Jas. iv, 4). The world no doubt be royal wine in abundance according to the state of the king, and the eating and drinking would be according to every man's pleasure (1 Cor. i, 7, 8). There was some special dancing also, and the daughter of Herodias danced so well that the king said unto her with an oath, "Whatsoever thou shalt ask of me I will give it thee unto the half of my kingdom" (verses 22, 23). Being instructed by her mother, she asked for the head of John the Baptist in a charger. The king's order must be obeyed, and immediately the executioner does his awful work, and the grudge of the wicked Herodias is gratified as she obtains possession of the head of John she so hated for daring to rebuke her sin. Naboth's death at the hands of Jezebel or by her command was somewhat on the same line of things, as far as the death of the innocent and unoffending to please the wicked was concerned. But the great murderer has been at work ever since he caused the death of Abel, and he is not through yet. Those who are willing to do his work cannot complain if some time they share his doom in the lake of fire prepared for the devil and his angels. It was a wretched birthday for Herod.

and we saw at the beginning of our lesson that he could not forget his part in the murder of John. He has not forgotten it yet, for we conclude from Luke xvi, 25, that memory plays a very important part in the torment of the lost. Although it seemed hard for John to be thus taken off the earth, it was in reality a good day for him, for he had the gain, the very far better of Phil. i, 21, 23, and he has been well and happy ever since, and the glory of the kingdom still awaits him. His disciples buried his body. John was not at the burial. It has long been a comfort to me to consider that if the Lord does not come while I live and this mortal body shall some day be buried I will not be at the funeral, but absent from the body, present with the Lord.

THE LESSON QUIZ.

Sept. 1, 1912.

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The Death of John the Baptist.

Mark vi:14-29. (May be used as a temperance lesson.)

Golden Text—Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee the crown of life. Rev. 2:10.

(1) Verse 14—Who was King Herod and how did the fame of Jesus affect him?

(2) What other examples can you give of the results of an aroused conscience?

(3) Verse 15—How do you account for the variety of opinions which the people had concerning Jesus?

(4) Verse 16—What are the possibilities of conscience in tormenting bad men?

(5) If a man's conscience is clear, no matter how startling an event may be, is he ever likely to be afraid? (See Prov. xxviii:1.)

(6) Verse 17—Why did Herod put John in prison?

(7) Is a good man always under obligation to reprove evil even if he risks his life in doing it? Why?

(8) Is it the duty of a good man to reprove all the bad men he knows? Why?

(9) Did John's reproof of Herod have a good or a bad effect upon him? Give your reasons.

(10) In what way should we follow Christ's command, "Neither cast ye your pearls before swine lest they trample them under their feet and turn again and rend you?"

(11) Verse 18—Would you say, or not say, that notwithstanding the results, John's action was wise?

(12) State the circumstances and say why it was wrong for Herod to marry his brother's wife.

(13) Even if an act may not be wrong in itself, is it ever wise, or not, and why, for a person to do that which outrages the moral sense of the community?

(14) Ought a man or a woman, even for just cause, ever seek a divorce for the purpose of marrying another? Why?

(15) Verses 19-20—When a person is reproved for his sin and does not repent how does he generally feel toward the reprobator?

(16) If Herod had such faith in the goodness of John why did he put him in prison?

(17) How much virtue is there in doing some things that are right if the life in the main is wrong?

(18) Verses 21-22—What is the general influence of having big dinners or suppers at anniversaries in the home?

(19) It was a Greek custom after a banquet to have professional women dance in a mimetic and licentious way. What would be the effect of such dancing?

(20) When man is under the influence of wine and a licentious dance what would you say as to the goodness of his resolutions?

(21) What is the influence today of drink and dancing?

(22) Verses 23-29—Would Herod have given the order to have John beheaded if he had not been under the influence of passion? Why?

(23) What were the steps that led up to the brutalizing of this woman's nature, which caused her to demand John's head on a charger? (This is one of the questions which may be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Lesson for Sunday, Sept. 8, 1912. The Mission of the Twelve. Matt. xi:35-xi:15; xii:40-xii:1.

BUSIEST DEPOT IN WORLD

Gare St. Lazare in Paris Handles Forty-five Million Persons Annually—Other Busy Stations.

If the world's biggest station is one with the greatest passenger traffic, the Gare St. Lazare, Paris, is easily first, with its forty-five million annually. It is a case of "Eclipse first—the rest nowhere."

At Waterloo, Liverpool street and Euston, in London—admittedly the busiest English railway terminus—350,000 would probably be the very outside number thus dealt with in a year; while the Waverly station, Edinburgh, boasts of 16,000,000 passengers. Broad Street station, Philadelphia, is the largest United States station with regard to the number of passengers it records in a year, and also as to the number of trains daily arriving or departing. The chief station in Turin, Italy, stands high among continental ones with its 11,000,000, while Cologne station officially puts its passenger traffic at over 7,000,000, which is slightly exceeded by Berlin's best aggregate of 7,500,000. Of all stations in the "Land of Promise," the Canadian Pacific railway station in Winnipeg conducts the largest traffic in this way, and probably its estimate of 8,000,000 of people passing through each year is not excessive.

If this calculation be based upon the number of trains going through as well as moving in and out, junctions can be included, and judged in this way, Clapham Junction, England, with 2,500 trains daily, is easily first. The next then in order under the same head are Cologne, with 1,200 trains; Liverpool Street, New York city, and Gare St. Lazare, with about 1,000 daily. Waterloo can boast of 900 trains as a daily average in and out. Waverly station, Edinburgh, 500; the Vienna station 450, and Euston about the same number."

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DESCRIBING THE ANIMAL DOG

His Names Derived From the Latin Word Canis and He Comes in All Sizes and Shapes.

The dog is a carnivorous quadruped, and comes in many sizes and shapes. His name is derived from the Latin word canis, meaning dog. We would start with the greyhound, but we are afraid we cannot keep up with him, as he is a very rapid old dog. Instead, let us discuss the dachshund. The dachshund, a German creation, is a crazy-looking specimen of a dog. His name translated, means "animatized frankfurter." He has the longest span between abutments of anything known to man except the Brooklyn bridge. Pat him on the head and he will wiggle his tail five minutes later. Dachshunds do not thrive in small flats. That is because going out of one door of a room they often meet themselves coming in another, and the frequent collisions cause softening of the brain.

A bulldog is a fat, bowlegged creature with a painful-looking face. The shortness of his limbs is due to the fact that Noah so disliked the looks of his original ancestor that he refused to admit him to the ark, and his long swim to Ararat caused rheumatism, which drew the legs to their present size. His bored and blasé expression is attributed to his long residence in Boston.

Dogs sometimes take a strong aversion to water, so that the mere mention makes them mad. You can tell when a dog is mad by letting him bite you. If the bite causes no trouble you will know that the dog was only acting in a spirit of fun. A mad dog should not associate with children, as it annoys and irritates them.—Carleton G. Garrison in Judge.

Turning the Tables.

Ripley Hitchcock, the literary critic and adviser, of New York, was talking at the Century club, about a well-known author whose work was failing off.

"His case," said Mr. Hitchcock, "reminds me of a young landscape painter.

"Yes," the young man said to me at a studio tea—he was devouring lettuce sandwiches ravenously at the time—"yes, I got bad pay for good work, but nevertheless I am content."

"Content in your love of art?" I inquired.

"Crushing a handful of macaroons into his mouth, he answered:

"Content in the thought that if I live long enough I'll get good pay for bad work."

Mistook Mule for Horse.

The activities of a vandal, who attempted in the dark to cut off the tail of a Missouri mule in the belief that it was a horse, were foiled by the mule's heels.

The victim, who is slowly recovering from the shock in the hospital department of the county jail, has confided to his attendant his astonishment that he is alive to tell the tale.

Marshall, Mo., has been in a turmoil of excitement for two days because of the exploits of some one who has been systematically clipping the tails and manes of about 50 horses in the western part of town.

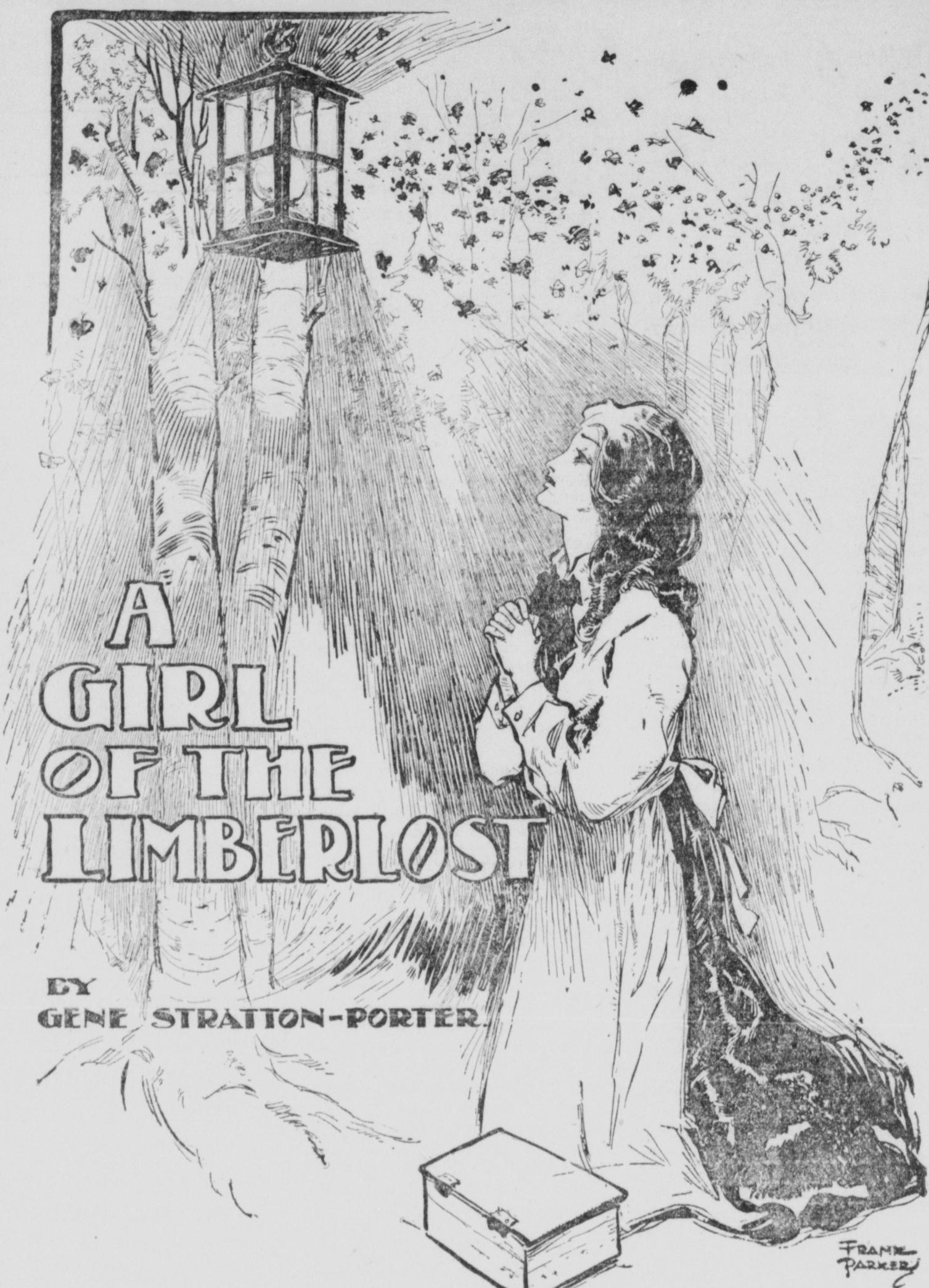
At the Soiree.

Economical Father (to his daughter, sotto voce)—I say, Alice, play some song that everybody can sing. They're doing nothing but eating and drinking.—Fleigle Blatter.

Some Train.

A train of 134 empty gondolas recently passed over the tracks of the New York Central road at Batavia, N. Y. It was 5,360 feet long.

The Heroine of the Forest



This Celebrated Novel, Talked of the Country Over Because of Its Charming Romance and Stirring Action,

Will Be Printed in This Paper

He Won't Limp Now.

No more limping for Tom Moore of Cochran, Ga. "I had a bad sore on my instep that nothing seemed to help till I used Bucken's Arnica Salve," he writes, "but this wonderful healer soon cured me." Heals old, running sores, ulcers, boils, burns, cuts, bruises, eczema or piles. Try it. Only 25 cents at the Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

EMBLEM OF CROSS A SIGNAL FOR MURDER

Further Details of Recent Albanian Massacres.

Rome, Aug. 29.—Harrowing details of massacres of Christians by Turks and Mohammedan Albanians are printed by the Corriere Dello Puglie of Bari, where, owing to its nearness, Albanian news often arrives without necessarily being authentic.

After the retreat of the Montenegrins from Berana, according to the Corriere's informants, ferocious hordes invaded the town and set fire to every house where the emblem of the cross was found and butchered the inhabitants. The charred bodies of many women were found hanging to trees. Between August 18 and 23, according to the story, fourteen villages were sacked and 150 wounded Christians swelled the ranks of refugees in Montenegro. Their stories of outrages infuriated the Montenegrins, who determined to save their brethren and rushed to the frontier and recaptured Berana by assault. The Albanians are watching developments closely.

Blamed a Good Worker.

"I blamed my heart for severe distress in my left side for two years," writes W. Evans, Danville, Va., "but I know now it was indigestion, as Dr. King's New Life Pills completely cured me." Best for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, constipation, headache or debility. 25 cents at the Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

Practical Fashions

LADY'S WAIST.



For dressy wear this charming waist is just the thing and it may be fashioned of silk, pongee, linen, marquisette or other desirable fabrics.

The garment is made with the body and sleeves in one, and has the closing at the back. The round yoke is applied, and it is pretty made of all-over lace or embroidery. It is outlined with banding or braid with which the short sleeves are likewise trimmed.

Pattern (5882) is cut in sizes 32 to 42 inches bust measure. Medium size will require 1 1/2 yards of 36 inch material, 1/2 yard of 22 inch all-over, and 2 1/2 yards of banding.

To purchase this pattern, send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size, and number of pattern.

NO. 5882. SIZE _____

NAME _____

TOWN _____

STREET AND NO. _____

STATE _____

Great Is Education.

Uncle Joe—Well, Rob, what have you learned at school today? Anything new? Rob—Yep; how to fix a broken pipe in a chair so they'll stay.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

Almost Lost His Life

S. A. Stid, of Mason, Mich., will never forget his terrible exposure to a merciless storm. "It gave me a dreadful cold," he writes, "that caused severe pains in my chest, so it was hard for me to breathe. A neighbor gave me several doses of Dr. King's New Discovery which brought great relief. The doctor said I was on the verge of pneumonia, but to continue with the Discovery. I did so and two bottles completely cured me." Use only this quick, safe, reliable medicine for coughs, colds or any throat or lung trouble. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by the Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Fifty Years Ago Today.

Aug. 30.

TAFT DEFENDS RECENT VETOES

The President Becomes Personal at Columbus.

THE USE OF THE VETO POWER

"A Good Executive," Says Mr. Taft, "Must Practice Individual Self-Restraint, Weigh What He Is Told and Then Do What He Believes Is True." "It Is Well to Make Progress Slowly," He Says.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 30.—The series of ovations tendered President Taft on his visit to this city yesterday must have gladdened his heart. The president came to participate in the Ohio-Columbus centennial and the state fair. He was received with great enthusiasm. Within an hour and a half 5,000 persons shook hands with him at the statehouse, and when the line was halted full twice as many people remained waiting. It is estimated that over 60,000 persons were at the state fair. Nearly as many saw him while passing about the city streets.

In one of his addresses the president took occasion to warmly defend his recent vetoes and to uphold the veto principle. When he appeared in the grandstand at the state fair, thundering and long continued applause greeted him. The applause which punctuated his remarks, however, was noticeably weak. There was enthusiasm manifested by the farmers, however, when he referred to the proposed plan to bring about a credit system which will benefit the farmers. The president turned from the subject of farming by referring to Ohio's centennial, difficulties in government during its early history, and of the use of the veto power by Governor Sinclair. Then in referring to his own use of the veto, he said:

"I think I have used it moderately, though some of my friends do not agree. They have said that if I have done a king and should do what I have done my head would drop in a basket. But I am not a king. I am a president elected by the people and representing a greater proportion of the people than any legislators. The president, therefore, is responsible to a greater extent for legislation which is passed than any other single person."

The trouble with some legislation is that it is too much like the reformers who want every reform put into effect tomorrow morning before breakfast. It is well to make progress slowly, but to be sure we are making it. Change is not progress."

Concluding his defense of his use of the veto, he said: "A good executive must practice individual self-restraint, weigh what he is told and then do what he believes is true. God is on the side of popular government, and it is making progress slowly but surely."

Returning to the city after an inspection of the fair, President Taft held a public reception and then gave a few hours to political conferences prior to the banquet last night tendered him by the bench and bar. There had been 200 acceptances, a large number of those invited declining because they considered the cost per plate, \$10, excessive. Governor Harmon was toastmaster and the guest list included many from out of the city.

OLD CRIME RECALLED

Convict Still Denies Knowledge of Father's Murder.

Michigan City, Ind., Aug. 30.—A petition has been filed with the state pardon board by William Hull and Mrs. M. I. Keeper of Kinmundy, Ill., for the pardon of their brother, Samuel R. Hull of Gibson county, who is serving life sentence in the prison here for the murder of his father. Hull was killed when driving his hogs home. The son was arrested and convicted. He protested his innocence at the trial, and has continued to assert that he knows nothing of his father's murder, which occurred fifteen years ago. The father and son had had trouble a short time before the tragedy, and the son was ordered to leave home and never return.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p.m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
New York..... 68	Clear
Boston..... 62	Clear
Denver..... 62	Pt. Cloudy
San Francisco. 54	Clear
St. Paul..... 54	Cloudy
Chicago..... 66	Pt. Cloudy
Indianapolis... 71	Cloudy
St. Louis..... 86	Clear
New Orleans. . 80	Clear
Washington... 70	Clear

— Warmer, showers.

ADMIRAL SUTHERLAND
In Charge of American
Marines in Nicaragua.



CHARGE MADE OF STOCK JUGGLING

Suit to Set Aside Merger of Traction Companies.

A CONSPIRACY IS ALLEGED

Action to Set Aside the Agreement of Consolidation Executed Last Spring by the Officers of the Union Traction Company of Indiana and the Indiana Union Traction Company Has Been Brought at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Aug. 29.—Suit to set aside the agreement of consolidation executed last spring by the officers of the Union Traction company, whereby the two companies were merged into the Union Traction company, has been brought in superior court by Alice Norton, the owner of 180 shares of common stock in the original Union Traction Company of Indiana. She was one of the stockholders who sought to prevent the consolidation last spring by receivership and injunction proceedings in the federal court. This suit was dismissed by the plaintiffs after the court had overruled a motion for a temporary restraining order.

The charges made in the present complaint are similar to those made in the federal court suit and in a suit filed by Alexander W. Thompson and George J. Marrott in the circuit court, asking that a receiver be appointed for the Indiana Union Traction company and to enjoin the two companies from merging. The plaintiffs in the latter suit do not recognize the consolidation effected last spring. This suit is now pending. Charges of the juggling of the two companies' stocks and bonds by the officers of the companies and of a conspiracy to put through the consolidation in order to save the bondholders of the Indiana Union Traction company from loss are made by the plaintiff.

BARNYARD COOPERATION

Hog and Weasel Form a Curious Partnership.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., Aug. 29.—Jusice of the Peace John W. Probst discovered a queer animal friendship between a large Chester White hog and a big weasel. They have been feasting for several days from Probst's poultry yard. Probst had missed about fifty of his choice chickens, and after a vigilant watch he discovered the hog catching the chickens and saw the weasel come through a hole under the barn floor. The little animal would cut the throats of the chickens and suck the blood, after which the hog would devour the body and then hide the feathers in the mud in the hog pen. After eating three chickens the hog lay down in the sun and the weasel got busy and began scratching the back of the hog, much to the delight of both animals. Armed with a pitchfork, Probst killed the weasel, but was attacked by the hog and knocked down. After a hard fight Probst escaped from the pen. After the death of the weasel the hog refused to eat and continued to grunt and squeal day and night until Probst had to sell it to a butcher. Probst sold the hog for \$18 and the weasel for \$2. He valued the chickens these "affinities" destroyed at \$50.

Runaway Mules Kill Child.

Worthington, Ind., Aug. 29.—The six-year-old daughter of William Rhodes, a farmer of Smith township, was instantly killed by a team of mules running away with a farm wagon. The child's head was crushed. The mules frightened at the whistle of a steam threshing machine and ran into a crowd of women and children who stood near. All managed to get out of the way except the little girl.

Auto and Motorcycle Collide.

Crown Point, Ind., Aug. 29.—In a collision between auto and motorcycle, Mrs. Fred Nau was probably fatally injured. Four others were slightly hurt. Fred Nau sought to avoid collision with Fred Lee, who was riding a motorcycle. His auto skidded down an embankment and overturned on the occupants. Lee also was injured.

Another Victim of Lightning.

Goshen, Ind., Aug. 29.—Isaiah Christopher, a wealthy farmer near Wakarusa, was killed by lightning. A storm has swept over northern Indiana every other day for ten days. Heavy rainfall and lightning accompany the storms and several people have been killed and the property loss is heavy.

Baby Burned to Death.

Walton, Ind., Aug. 29.—Fire destroyed the log cabin occupied by William Bowyer, and a fifteen-months-old baby was burned to death. Bowyer, Mrs. Bowyer and two children were badly burned and Bowyer's burns may prove fatal.

Medicine Within Baby's Reach.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 29.—Lucina Jasicks, twenty-two months old, swallowed ten or twelve strichnine pills and died four hours later.

State Librarian Injured.

Indianapolis, Aug. 29.—Demachus C. Brown, state librarian, was knocked down by a motorcycle while crossing a street. His wrist was broken.

AMERICAN LIFE AND PROPERTY

In Nicaragua Now Are Considered Safe.

OUR FLAG'S SOBERING EFFECT

Prompt Disposal of American Marines and Bluejackets at Points of Greatest Disturbance in Troubled Central American Republic Has Conveyed to the Trouble Makers the Impression That Uncle Sam Means Business.

Panama, Aug. 30.—It is rumored here that fifty American marines have been killed in Nicaragua.

Washington, Aug. 30.—According to dispatches received at the navy department the acuteness of the situation in Nicaragua has been greatly moderated by events of the last twenty-four hours. Communications are rapidly being restored and the program of the American forces in opening up the country from the coast to the capital has been begun. Dispatches from Admiral Sutherland, who arrived Wednesday on the cruiser California and who has assumed command of the American forces, brought the most positively reassuring news that has been received from Nicaragua in several weeks. The admiral stated that a force of 500 marines and bluejackets, under command of Admiral Terhune of the Annapolis, is already at work repairing the railroad and telegraph lines between Corinto and Managua. When this work is accomplished and further reinforcements are sent to Managua, the admiral states that American life and property along the line of the railroad will be safe.

Admiral Sutherland stated that the situation necessitated the placing of American forces at Leon and other places between that city and Corinto now held by the rebels. Commander Terhune has been placed in command of this force and his men are already on the job. They are repairing the telegraph and railroad lines which were willfully destroyed in places by the rebels to cut off the communications of the Americans. Terhune, the admiral states, will keep the railroad open to Managua at all hazards.

The American forces now in Nicaragua total about 1,000 marines and bluejackets. The reinforcements coming on the California will bring the total up to nearly 2,000, with several hundred more available on the several warships at Corinto and vicinity if they are needed.

A dispatch from Minister Weitzel stated that he had just been informed by the government that another attack upon Managua was threatened. Demand for the surrender of Corinto was made by a rebel commission on the 25th, according to a report from Consul Johnson at Corinto. The commandant refused and told the commission that the city was under the protection of the American forces. The next day the commission returned again to treat with the Americans in the name of General Francisco Yaca. They were informed by Consul Johnson that the American authorities would permit no armed force to enter Corinto. To make sure of this prohibition, two six-pounder guns were sent to a long railroad bridge near Corinto and mounted on the end of the bridge nearest Corinto, and a force of Americans stationed with the guns.

Consequently the state department and the president are to have a brief spell before being confronted with a demand for arbitration of the controversy over the treaty. Upon the answer which is made to Great Britain, it is expected that the future arbitration policy of the United States will depend. It has already been predicted by senators that if the United States should refuse to arbitrate that it would mean the death of the nation's arbitration treaties with the powers. The one with Great Britain expires in June next and the one with France in March of next year. These treaties could not well be renewed by either France or Great Britain in self-respect if the United States declined to arbitrate the canal question.

Governor Blease may yet fall of the governorship of this state, even though he has a majority of about 2,000, for there is strong probability that the state Democratic committee may throw out enough returns to cause the nomination of Judge Ira B. Jones. The state chairman, former Governor John G. Evans of Spartansburg, has received reports from all parts of the state of wholesale fraud in the election, and when the state committee meets these protest votes will be considered. It is considered that the total vote is out of all proportion to the state's population and that a recount will be ordered.

He Will Appeal Case.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Aug. 29.—William G. Houk, attorney of this city, a strong advocate of socialism, was fined 1 cent and costs, making \$25.01 in all, on a charge of obstructing the sidewalk. Houk was arguing politics in front of a hotel and a large crowd gathered to hear him. He will appeal to the circuit court.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS

Marauding Bands Continue to Give Trouble on the Border.

Washington, Aug. 30.—Federal troops have been sent by the Mexican government to protect two Americans, Frank Curtis and Arthur Cunningham, who have been reported in danger at a point between Hermosillo and Nogales, in Sonora. Curtis and Cunningham are understood to have killed several rebels in self-defense and have since been sought by rebel bands, who have declared they intend to avenge the death of their comrades.

General Steever reports that disorder along the border is increasing. Small bands are constantly raiding, mostly on the Mexican side of the line, but sometimes on the American side, according to the army's reports.

Dispatches report that 1,800 rebels were repulsed at Alamos, with a loss of 300. Fifteen marauders were killed to the last man near Babicora, after attacking men of the Richardson Construction company. Sixty rebels who attempted to capture Babicora were repulsed with heavy losses.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn—No. 2, 82½c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00@10.60; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@7.25. Hogs—\$5.50@8.75. Lambs—\$5.00@6.75. Receipts—4,000 hogs; 600 cattle; 800 sheep.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn—No. 3, 81½c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00@10.60; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@7.25. Hogs—\$5.50@8.75. Sheep—\$4.50@4.00. Lambs—\$4.25@7.15.

At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 2, 80½c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00@10.55. Hogs—\$5.25@9.00. Sheep—\$3.50@4.40. Lambs—\$4.25@7.15.

At East Buffalo.

Cattle—\$3.50@9.75. Hogs—\$5.00@9.45. Sheep—\$2.50@5.00. Lambs—\$4.00@7.40.

Wheat at Toledo.

Wheat, \$1.10½; Dec., \$1.12½; cash,

MISS JULIA C. LATHROP.

Named by the President as Head of Children's Bureau.



ARBITRATION IS NOW DEMANDED

Great Britain Will Contest Canal Policy.

FATE OF TREATIES INVOLVING

It Is Pointed Out That if This Government Should Refuse to Submit Arbitration the Delicate Question Raised by England, Neither the United States nor France Could Self-Respect, Renew Treaties.

Washington, Aug. 29.—In a note received from the British embassy the state department has just been given notice that Great Britain will arbitrate in the controversy with the United States over legislation passed by congress granting freedom of the seas through the Panama canal.

The note, which was signed by A. Mitchell Innes, chargé d'affaires of the legation, was brief and, like the first informal protest against the then pending canal legislation of July 8, gave promise that a further communication from Great Britain is to follow. It is stated that the British government, in view of the enactment by congress of the legislative provisions against which protest was made on July 8, again calls the attention of the United States government to the view of Great Britain upon the subject with reference to the alleged violation of the Hay-Pauncefort treaty.

It is stated that the British government will make a careful study of the provisions of the bill and the reasoning advanced by President Taft in support of the action of the United States in favoring American ships. If an irreconcilable divergence of view of the treaty and the bill continues to exist after such study, it is declared that arbitration of the question will be expected.

No reply, beyond an acknowledgment of the receipt of this note, will be sent Mr. Innes by the state department. The promise contained in the note of a further communication is regarded as making any action by the state department unnecessary at this time.

Consequently the state department and the president are to have a brief spell before being confronted with a demand for arbitration of the controversy over the treaty. Upon the answer which is made to Great Britain, it is expected that the future arbitration policy of the United States will depend. It has already been predicted by senators that if the United States should refuse to arbitrate that it would mean the death of the nation's arbitration treaties with the powers. The one with Great Britain expires in June next and the one with France in March of next year. These treaties could not well be renewed by either France or Great Britain in self-respect if the United States declined to arbitrate the canal question.

FALLACIOUS Contentions, He Says.

London, Aug. 29.—M. Bunau Virilis, writing to the Shipping World in regard to the Panama canal law, seeks to show where the fallacy lies in the contention that the exemption of American coastwise vessels from dues cannot be a grievance of other users of the canal, because foreigners are debarred from American coastwise trade and therefore are not discriminated against.

FAILS TO REPORT

Fear Expressed For Fate of Damaged Gunboat Vicksburg.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 29.—Fear is expressed for the damaged gunboat Vicksburg, because every effort to get in touch with the vessel since Tuesday has failed. A message from the stranded freighter Pleides, which went ashore near the entrance to Magdalena bay, has been received. It stated that the Vicksburg had not reached Magdalena bay, as was reported. Neither the flagship California of the Pacific fleet, the cruiser Denver, the collier Prometheus nor the supply ship Glacier, all supposed to be somewhere near Magdalena bay, have answered wireless calls since Tuesday.

Held at Hot Springs.

Hot Springs, Ark., Aug. 29.—Suspected of being Gyp the Blood and Lefty Louie, Postmaster Fred Johnson, who holds a commission as United States marshal, has two visitors to this city under detention and is holding them pending the



THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.	
One Year	\$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance \$1.00

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1912

OLDEST MASON IN SCOTT COUNTY PASSED AWAY

Thomas Hughbanks, Well Known Here, Died Thursday Afternoon at His Home in Scottsburg.

Thomas Hughbanks, said to be the oldest Mason in Scott county, died about 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon at his home in Scottsburg, after an illness of several weeks. He was seventy-seven years of age and was one of the pioneer business men of that county. He was well known in Seymour and Jackson county, having visited here many times.

Mr. Hughbanks was a native of Scott county, and established a mercantile business at Austin when that place was the principal trading center and before Scottsburg was a town. He continued this business for many years and later moved to Scottsburg where he engaged in business. About seven years ago he retired from active business life. He became a member of Scott county lodge F. & A. M. No. 20 when the lodge was located at the old town of Frankfort. He was always much interested in the work of that order and belonged to no other fraternal organization. He had long been a member of the Methodist church and was a sincere Christian man.

His wife died in February 1900 and he is survived by three daughters, Mrs. J. E. Graham, of Seymour, Mrs. Ida Whittet and Miss Blanche Hughbanks, of Scottsburg, and two sons, E. L., of Scottsburg, and W. C., of Evansville.

The funeral services will be held Saturday morning at 10 o'clock at the M. E. church at Scottsburg, conducted by the pastors of the Methodist churches of Scottsburg and Austin. The Masonic lodge of which he was so long a member, will have charge of the services at the grave.

Endorses Resolution.

Rev. H. R. Booche, pastor of the St. Paul Evangelical church, has submitted the following communication in which he endorses the resolution of the W. C. T. U. regarding street fairs.

To the Editor of the Republican:

Permit me to express to you and the readers of your paper my hearty approval of the opinion of some ladies and mothers of our city, stated in your paper of the 29th, concerning the contemplated carnival.

One home and family at least of our beloved Seymour is today still suffering because of the dastardly work of a criminal who operated here two weeks ago. And a carnival as generally conducted would very likely draw just such vile characters to our city in great numbers.

Let us do everything possible to advertise our town but do it only by clean, educating and "day-light" means. We pray, "lead us not into temptation," are we going to act just contrary to this petition?

H. R. Booche.

Notice.

The Court of Honor will give an ice cream social Saturday, Aug. 31, afternoon and evening, at Heins' building, one door east of the Nickels. The public is invited. a31d

7th Year Begins Sept. 2nd.

Persons contemplating entering Seymour Business College this fall, should make arrangements at once E. M. Ross, Principal. a31d

Business Getters, "Republican Want Ads."

TEETH

22kt Gold Crowns.....\$5.00
Gold Fillings.....\$2.00 and Up
Silver Fillings.....75c and Up
Set of Teeth.....\$8.00

Dr. R. G. Haas

DENTIST. 7½ West Second Street.

PRESSING BUSINESS

It is a part of our business to Clean and Press Men's and Women's Clothes. By a process of Steaming and Cleaning we renovate your cloths and make them look as good as new.

Our charges are reasonable.

D. DeMatteo

Phone 468. One Door East of Traction Station

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK

Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

A classy looking letter head wins attention and puts the recipient into a pleasant frame of mind for the letter underneath. We Print That Kind of Stationery. We Are Ready to Print Yours. SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN.

WARNING GIVEN AGAINST CURES

State Condemns Sale of Advertised Fakes.

ARE WORSE THAN USELESS

Paying Particular Attention to the False and Misleading Advertisements of Manufacturers of So-Called Consumption "Cures," State Board of Health Has Prepared a Bulletin Exposing Such nostrums.

Indianapolis, Aug. 30.—W. D. Mcabee, drug chemist of the state board of health, has completed a part of the forthcoming bulletin from the office of the state food and drug commissioner, which deals with and condemns so-called consumption cures and warns sufferers from this disease against the purchase of "cures" which are oftentimes advertised for sale in glowing terms. The bulletin says:

"The despondent condition of the victims of the white plague renders them easily susceptible to the alluring advertisements which represent them of a positive cure, although their physicians have told them there is no medicine can possibly help, and that the only cure is open air, quiet and a wholesome diet. The manufacturers of these so-called consumption cures have done much to increase the death rate from tuberculosis by their assurance that their 'cure' will cure, thereby causing the patient to neglect the mode of living necessary for recovery."

The bulletin gives the analysis of a number of these nostrums, which are extensively advertised and sold at an enormous profit to the manufacturer, and points out wherein the use of the so-called cures does much more harm than good to the sufferer.

BROKE OUT OF HOUSE

Stole Employer's Table and Had to Take Off Door to Get It Out.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 30.—William Courtney, a coal wagon driver, stole a \$45 mission dining room table from the home of his employer, James H. Loughman. The owner and his family were away from home and Courtney removed the front door of the house from its hinges to get the table out of the building. He pushed it in front of him to his home, a mile away, where he cut it into kindling wood the next morning when he learned the police were on his trail. He had burned the bulk of it when detectives found him. Courtney confessed and has been bound over to the grand jury for burglary. One of the most unusual features of the case is that he may go to the penitentiary, not for breaking into a house, but for breaking out, as he had to remove the front door to get the table out of the house. Courtney is married, has a large family, and went to prison ten years ago for a crime of much the same nature.

Lane Youth in Jail.

Anedson, Ind., Aug. 30.—Lowell Ehrman and Raymond Goz, young men of Lapel, have been arrested on a charge of petit larceny. They are accused of entering the home of Mrs. Juanita Roudebush, at Lapel, and, after stealing watches and other small articles, sprinkling ink over everything, tearing down lace curtains, destroying furniture and breaking dishes. The young men are in jail.

A Boy and a Gun.

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 30.—Lawrence Copeland, eighteen years old, jammed the butt of his repeating rifle on the ground in an effort to jar into place a cartridge which had stuck in the magazine. The gun exploded and the bullet struck the youth under the jaw and lodged in the brain. The boy became delirious and it took three men to hold him in the ambulance on the way to the hospital, where he died.

No Appointment at Present.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 30.—Trustees of the Indiana School for Feeble-Minded Youth have decided that for the present they will appoint no successor to Superintendent Albert E. Carroll, who died a few days ago, but will take over the active management of the institution until there has been time for deliberation regarding the new superintendent.

Carried Out Her Threat.

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 30.—Harold Sewell, aged forty, was shot and probably fatally wounded by his wife at their home in West Lafayette. Sewell had been away from home several days and his wife had threatened to kill him when he returned. She fired two shots as he came in the door and one took effect in his abdomen.

Will Consolidate Plants.

Columbus, Ind., Aug. 30.—The Citizens' Telephone company of this city has bought all of the physical property of the Central Union Telephone company in Columbus and Bartholomew county. The two plants will be consolidated.

Wiley to Speak in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Aug. 30.—Dr. H. W. Wiley, former government chemist, will spend five days campaigning in Indiana for the Democrats.

STREET BUSINESS

TAKES MUCH TIME.

(Continued from first page)

Davison called for the report of the engineer upon the south Walnut street improvement, and the latter stated that he had his report ready to submit but desired that the inspector's report be read first. Davison objected to this and said that the inspector's report was not necessary and that the law only required a report from the city engineer. Some of the councilmen insisted that the inspector's report should be read before the work was accepted, for if the council did not give any weight to his report there would be no use of having an inspector. Misch said that he believed that the duty of the inspector was to watch the work while being done and if the contract was not fulfilled according to the plans and specifications the inspector should order the work stopped. He was of the opinion that his report was not necessary in receiving the contract, as the law required that only the city engineer should pass upon the contract. Davison said that if the acceptance of such work depended upon the report of the inspector, the contracts could be held up for several weeks in case the inspector had grievances against the contractor, but that the legislature had anticipated such a condition and had placed the responsibility upon the engineer.

A. V. Lawell, who was appointed inspector on south Walnut street, was present and withdrew his report. He said that it had been made honestly and fairly according to his own belief and that he had not been prejudiced in preparing the statement. The contents of the report was not made public at the meeting as it was withdrawn.

The report of the engineer was then read and he stated that the contract had been completed according to the plans and specifications with the exception of a valley at Bruce street which he believed should be repaired. At the conclusion of the engineer's report, Davison offered a resolution accepting the work and ordering a prima facie assessment roll. The contract amounted to about \$16,000. When the vote was taken the street was accepted by a vote of 4 to 3, Davison, Misch, Taskey and Buse voting, aye, and W. R. Day, Sherman Day and Hodapp voting, no. After the contract was received Ewing Shields, the contractor on Walnut street, said he would repair the channel at Bruce street at the council desired. He further explained that the channel had been changed three or four times and that he had tried to please everybody with the work, and that it had been done under the direction of the city engineer and several of the councilmen. After some discussion it was shown that the channel, as it now stands, was not constructed by Mr. Shields at all but that the work had been done by the city under the direction of Councilman Taskey. The city did the last work on this channel, as Mr. Shields had changed it several times at the direction of the councilmen and the city engineer had refused to spend further time upon it.

The meeting was the regular time for hearing remonstrances to the proposed sewer on east Fourth street emptying into Ewing street, and O. H. Montgomery, in behalf of a number of the Ewing street property owners, presented a remonstrance and stated that the sewer on Ewing street was not a general sewer; that it had been built for their own use and that it would not be just and fair for the property owners on Fourth street to tap into it. Roll Emery and Rev. J. F. Ranier, of Indianapolis, spoke in favor of the remonstrance and George Huber and Frank Bush made short talks in favor of the Fourth street property owners. It was finally decided to refer the matter to the board of public works, which meets in regular session tonight.

The John C. Gruber Company was given the right of placing building material on St. Louis avenue while constructing their new ware room.

W. R. Day reported that the property owners on South Pine street desired to improve their sidewalks and the city engineer was ordered to give the grade stakes for the ditch. He also stated that there was a pile of broken tile on Walnut and Brown streets and at his suggestion the street commissioner was instructed to use this in filling up some holes on Laurel street and other places where needed.

The street commissioner was ordered to move a branch which had been blown down in front of the Baptist church.

The city engineer was instructed to construct manholes or make other improvements for the two sewers on Second and Ewing streets before the street was permanently improved. He reported that the other manholes

\$100 A Week Buys This Fine

"South Bend" Watch

YOU can get this fine ruby and sapphire jeweled and adjusted bridge model South Bend Watch on terms that will not inconvenience you in the least.

By our Profit-Sharing Plan you join with twenty-four others in buying a watch—

And by thus pooling your purchases, we are enabled to give you this high grade watch on terms of \$1.00 per week, at a price way below the regular installment plan price.

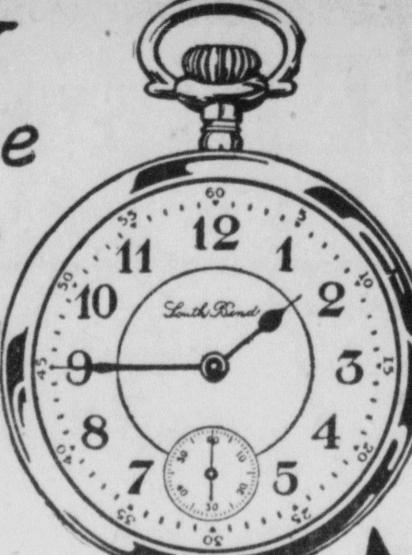
In addition we will give absolutely free of charge as a Profit-sharing Bonus a diamond ring valued at \$25.00.

This ring is given without cost to one person in each twenty-five combining purchases on our plan.

There is absolutely no excuse for any man or woman doing without a good watch, one that will last them the rest of their life, when it can be obtained on such reasonable terms.

You really can't appreciate this offer until you have learned more of our plan. Come in and let us explain it further.

T. M. Jackson
Jeweler



Fred Ellit, labor.....	4.05
August Kerl, labor.....	15.45
David Foist, labor.....	14.10
Claud Turley, labor.....	7.35
Hugh Evans, labor.....	7.50
Henry Wooley, labor.....	15.45
Isaac Barrell, street com....	21.00
Jno. A. Goodale, inspector.....	6.75
Fred Vondelinger, inspector..	7.50
Warren Hall, barn rent.....	1.50
Jos. Day, fireman.....	14.50
Volunteer fireman.....	4.50
G. H. Anderson, feed.....	12.00
Domestic Steam Laundry....	.55
Gem Restaurant, meals.....	4.05
Prisoners	6.50
Claude Turley, prisoners....	.75
Joseph Burkart, contract....	79.10
Harry Marberry, mounting cannons in park.....	35.00
P. C. C. St. L. freight.....	7.50
J. P. Grime, supplies.....	14.85
Mrs. Constance, cleaning city building	9.00
Democrat, advertising.....	41.62
Postage	2.00
Garbage	59.00

Notice.

We have a competent lady instructor who will teach ladies and girls how to weave seats in double cane seat chairs free of charge and after parties have learned can have employment at factory or can have chairs sent to their homes. Apply at office of Seymour Wood Working Co. a27d-tf

Piano tuning, voicing and repairing. Phone 149. J. H. EuDaly. a30d

THE BEST

Quality is what you always get here, no matter in what department you make your purchase and a comparison of our prices will convince you they are lower than our competitors ask. Just compare these prices with what you will have to pay elsewhere for the same quality:

2-10c boxes Post Toasties.....	15c
2-15c Puff Rice.....	25c
35c Broom for.....	25c
30c Broom for.....	20c
10c package Corn Starch for.....	5c
Dry Onions per lb.....	2½c
Pickled Pork, per lb.....	10c
Pure Hog Lard per lb.....	14c
10c bottle Lemon Extract.....	2 for 15c
10c bottle Vanilla Extract.....	2 for 15c
Home Grown Potatoes per pk.....	20c
Extra fine Water Melons.....	5 and 10c

Ray R. Keach's Country Store

East Second Street

Is Your Auto Worth \$1.00
Is Your LIFE Worth \$1.00

You are risking both every time you drive your car with slippery brakes. Buy a can of "Safe Brakes" \$1.0

FALL SHOES

WE ARE now showing all of the newest ideas in Fall Footwear. We are the "REGAL" agents here—their Shoes are famous from coast to coast.

Large line of nobby English lasts for the Young Men \$3.50 and \$4.00

THE HUB
MEN'S OUTFITTING STORE

WALL PAPER

At T. R. CARTER'S

No. 17
East Second
Street

SPECIALS

1 pound can Salmon -	10c	Peerless Milk 3 small cans	10c	Peerless Milk 2 large cans	15c
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Club House Corn Flakes, 2 boxes.....	15c
Jersey Corn Flakes, 2 boxes.....	25c
Search Light Matches, 3 boxes.....	10c
Lenox Soap, 3 bars.....	10c
White Flake Soap, 6 bars.....	25c
5 pound can White Syrup.....	23c
10 pound can White Syrup.....	39c
Swiss Cheese per lb.....	30c
Country Cheese per lb.....	15c
Water Melons	5c, 10c and 15c
Cantelopes, Sweet Potatoes, Celery, Corn, Spanish Onions and Green Beans	

MAYES' CASH GROCERY

7 West Second St.

Phone No. 658

CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.
Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.
Hours: 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. 7 to 8 p.m.
Andrews Bldg. Phone 245. Seymour, Ind.

Dr. E.D. WRIGHT

Over Laupus Jewelry Store

PHONE 184 Residence 677

Phone 715. Office Hours: 8-12 a.m.; 1-5; 7-8 p.m.

DR. G. W. FARVER
Practice Limited to DISEASES of the EYE and FITTING GLASSES

With STRATTON, The Jeweler, Seymour, Ind.

The Kind of Watches WE SELL

are those which are reliable in their performance. Unless it is a good, reliable time piece, we would not care to sell it as our reputation has been built on the kind that keep time. If you are thinking of buying a watch, call and see them, learn our prices. We will save you money, also sell them on the installment plan if you wish to buy that way.

J.G. LAUPUS, Jeweler

Clocks Run by Fan Motors.
Fans actuated by currents of air have from time to time been used as motors for running clocks. One, by Lepaute, is in the Louvre, Paris. Benjamin Hanks, of Litchfield county, Connecticut, patented one in 1783. In a more recent patent the weight is wound up by the current of air in a chimney which is stopped by a self-acting brake as the weight nears the top of its course.

A Noble Life.

The noble life is the life of large and spacious aims, the life which is sweet and quick within, by the living grasp of great things upon the soul. It is the atmosphere which a life makes around it, a life which lives habitually in the upper air, which dwells serenely in the company of great and beautiful things.—J. Vicker.

Quite Too Much for Used Words.
The value of advertising was pointed out to a man with a budding business, and he agreed to give a writer \$50 for a full page. The copy was submitted and the merchant looked it over coldly. "Fifty dollars is too much," he commented. "You've used a lot of words I've seen before."

More by Shakespeare.

The broad back of Shakespeare has still another load to bear; it seems that he wrote the Psalms. The word "Shakespeare" contains four vowels and six consonants; 4 and 6 placed together signify 46; in the 46th psalm the 46th word is "shake," and the 46th word from the end its "spear."

Formed Queer Alliance.

A pair of hinnets made their nest in a beehive on a farm in Switzerland, and have succeeded in coming to an understanding with the bees, so that both branches of the natural world dwell in peace and harmony together. The birds and the bees use a common entrance to the hive.

Business Getters, "Republican Want Ads."

Mrs. W. G. Austin went to Louisville this morning.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. George Lahman is visiting her sister in Brownstown.

Russell Patrick went to Indianapolis this morning on business.

Edward McCrady, of Columbus, is the guest of Mrs. John Elliott.

Prof. H. C. Gast attended the teachers' institute at Brownstown today.

Mrs. R. V. Downing and children spent today with her mother in Brownstown.

Miss Martha Branaman returned home this morning from a visit in Brownstown.

Mrs. Henry Resiner and son, Chester, of Indianapolis, are here visiting for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bothwell, of Laramie, Wyoming, are visiting relatives here for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Seelinger and son, Horace, have gone to Holton and Versailles on a ten days' trip.

Mrs. R. L. Cunningham of Indianapolis, came today to visit her sister-in-law, Mrs. Oscar E. Carter.

Mrs. Mary Yater of Norwood, O., is here visiting relatives. Mrs. Yater lived in Seymour about four years ago.

Miss Elmore Banrichter and brother, Walter, have returned to Columbus after visiting the Misses Hackmeyer.

Miss Ethel Hallowell of North Vernon, came Thursday afternoon and is the guest of Miss Frances Teckemeyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Miller of Evansville, motored here this week and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Miller.

Miss Bertha Ortstadt and niece, Miss Helen Ortstadt, of Kendalville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ortstadt.

Mrs. Arthur Sperbeck returned to her home in New Albany Thursday, after visiting Mrs. H. E. McDonald, and family.

Miss Mary Burghart, who has been visiting Mrs. William Lemp, returned to her home in Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. William Humphrey and daughter, Helen, went to Ft. Ritner this morning to visit relatives for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks Miller returned to Medora this morning after visiting Mrs. Ida Miller on north Chestnut street.

Mrs. A. B. Clegg and children returned to their home in Logansport this morning after visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Clegg.

Mrs. J. M. Pherigo and daughter, Lenore, of Columbus, spent the day here the guests of Mrs. Jay C. Smith and daughter, Edna.

Mrs. C. H. Alwes and daughter, Dorothy, returned to their home in Indianapolis after visiting Mrs. John Elliott and Mrs. Elizabeth Alwes.

Mrs. Albert Dixon and son, who have been spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Harry French, at Aurora, returned home this morning.

Miss Mabel Heath, of Jamestown, N. Y., who has been the guest of Mrs. H. S. Dell and Miss Myrtle Bennett, went to Indianapolis last evening for a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Price of Elwood, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Price, went to Scottsburg this morning for a visit before returning home.

Mrs. Fred Bender of Indianapolis, came today from Washington, where she was called by the death of a relative and will be the guest over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. George Bender.

Mrs. C. H. Haneock, of Tulsa, Okla. and Charlton Durland of Wichita Falls, Tex., arrived here Thursday afternoon and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Bacon.

Miss Geneva Brunner, of Indianapolis, who has been the guest of the Misses Margaret Remy and Fern Ritter for several days, went to Columbus this morning where she will visit friends.

A ticket to Dreamland every day to the first boy who finds the missing word in our Ad. Ross Shoes.

a27d-tf

CALL US UP



Whenever you want Business Cards, Letter Heads, Circulars or anything else in the printing line.

We give PROMPT SERVICE

Snaps in Groceries

Saturday or Any Old Time

Search Light or Blue Bird Matches, 3 boxes for...	10c
5c Pet or Peerless Milk, 7 cans for	25c
10c Pet or Peerless Milk, 3 cans for	25c
Sweet Potatoes, small measure for	10c
Watermelons	5c to 15c
Sweet Pickles, 2 dozen for	15c
Large Sour Pickles, 2 dozen for	25c
Fresh Crackers, 2 pounds for	15c
Lenox Soap, 3 bars for	10c

Peaches, Celery, Bananas, Sweet Corn, Green Beans, and other Fresh Vegetables ARE EXTRA FINE

PEOPLE'S GROCERY
PHONE 170



DON'T BE RECKLESS

in the buying of coal, and don't leave everything to the honesty of the dealer. Investigate your weight and quality. See that both are just what you are paying for. We are selling the very highest grade in egg size soft coal at a far lower price than will presently rule.

Raymond City at \$4.00 a Ton.
Phone 4.

Ebner Ice and Cold Storage
Exclusive Agents

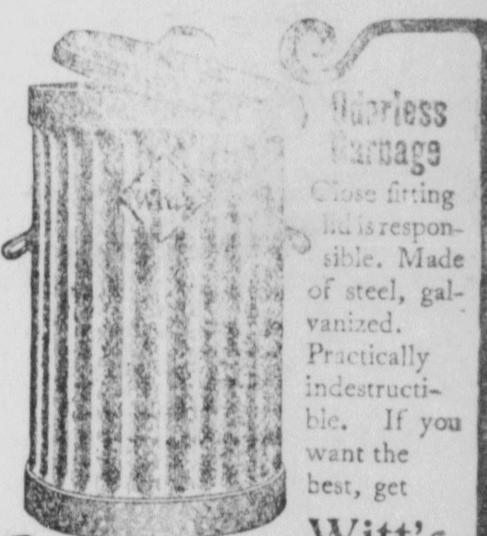
Big Values

IN

TOILET SOAPS

5 cents a cake

The Racket Store



Witt's Corrugated Can

CALL AND SEE THEM AT

Kessler Hardware Company

FESTIVAL PLANS

HANG IN A BALANCE

(Continued from first page)

cided this week. The members realize that there is a great deal of work connected with such a display or festival as is contemplated and that if it is given the committee in charge will have a large amount of work during the next few weeks. Several members of the committee say that they are willing to shoulder the task if they can secure the support of the merchants and citizens generally, and just as soon as this is assured they would start to work to formulating the plans and distributing the advertising all over southern Indiana.

Several members of the committee believe that the time is ripe this fall for a display of farm products in the city, as the crops generally have been above the average and one of the finest farm displays could be shown which has ever been exhibited in southern Indiana. They point out that Jackson county farmers are making an effort to grow the best of all products adapted to this soil and that a display, such as is contemplated, would be a means of encouraging scientific farming and would also be valuable in advertising the high quality of land surrounding the city.

It is probable that the committee will hold another meeting tonight and that the matter will be definitely decided.

David C. Matthew, a railroad commissioner, made a trip from Indianapolis here this morning over the I. C. & S. He was accompanied by Alexander Shane, general manager.

Peaches and Celery at the Model grocery.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

Sturdy Clothes For The School Boy

School Suits for boys of all ages. We have them for the careful, fastidious boy and for the rough-and-ready fellows, who require something as tough as leather. All good wear resisting materials—every suit well made—the kind of suits that has made our Boys' Clothing Department so popular.

A SPLENDID LINE OF EXTRA KNEE PANTS.

Black Cat Stockings for Boys and Girls—the best school hosiery made.

Thomas Clothing Co.

on prices and make it plain that we always give you a square deal. The better grades of lumber are continually advancing in price, but our large stocks and extensive facilities enable us to hold the cost to you down pretty well. Still, we give you the best qualities and finishes.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut St.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Are given special attention here. We always have a fresh supply of Drugs.

B. F. Meyer
Phone 247. 116 S. Chestnut St.

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

TAKUM FAOTUMU.

Put the name of Lieutenant Takum Faotumu of Japan high up in the list of heroes.

Do you remember how the world was shocked a few months ago by the appalling loss of all the lives of the officers and men on a submarine vessel of the Japanese navy?

Now a writer in one of the scientific journals gives the details.

A submarine, commanded by Lieutenant Faotumu, failed to rise, as was shown by the records when the vessel afterward was raised, on account of some failure in the apparatus.

The discovery was made about 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Under fathoms of sea water, face with approaching death, Lieutenant calmly undertook to write the story of the last hours. He wrote his full account up to 12:30, and his words were:

"Respiration is becoming extraordinarily difficult. I am breathing gaso-line."

He told about the efforts to raise the vessel, of the despair that settled down upon officers and men, of how the lights went out, how they sat in gloom and how he was writing his final words in the darkness—details of interest to the world from which they were sternly shut out.

On the last words of all, words which evidence the gallant spirit of the heroic Lieutenant, were these:

"I respectfully request that none of the families of my subordinates shall suffer. The only thing I am anxious about is this."

Mark you.

In all the writing there was no trace of any wailing of regret because of cruel fate, no mourning over the untimely end of a brilliant career, no expression of fear, no appeal and no prayer. Simply, there in the darkness of his death prison, with the fumes of the gasoline in his nostrils and with death reaching for him at close quarters and with certain grip, he was only "cautious" about the families of those who were to die with him.

Can bravery further go?

Surely Japan will be basely recreant to the memory of one of the bravest men in the annals of the Japanese—an act noted for their stories of intrepid soldiers and seamen—if it shall have failed properly to provide for those families.

And the world's history of gallantry has been enriched by the story of this Japanese officer who, dying, thought not of himself but only of the wives and children that would be left.

NOTICE

Of Registration of Voters of September Session, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the registration board of each voting precinct of Jackson County, in the State of Indiana, will hold the September session thereof on Friday, September 1, 1912, in each precinct and at the following places, namely:

The places for holding the September session in the ten precincts in this township are as follows:

Crothersville Township:

Precinct No. 1, Residence of Nancy White, No. 25 N. Ewing St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 2, at Residence of Walker McGovern, No. 511 East Third St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 3, at Burkart Building, No. 6 East Second St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 4, at Residence of Kenedy Mann, No. 222, Cor. High and Bill Sts., Seymour.

Precinct No. 5, at Residence of Louise Clegg, No. 27 West Brown St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 6, at Residence of F. Wm. Buhner, No. 322, Cor. Laurel and Pine Sts., Seymour.

Precinct No. 7, at office of H. P. Miller, No. 20 South Walnut St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 8, at Residence of Louis Aufenborg, No. 607 West Brown St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 9, at Residence of Wm. Kailing, No. 324 West Second St., Seymour.

Precinct No. 10, at Office of Jas. A. Willey Livery Barn, West Third St., Seymour.

Brilliant Township:

North precinct at Vallonia School House.

South precinct at residence of Sherman Sneed.

Grassy Fork Township:

East Precinct at L. C. Herrod's office, Tampico, Ind.

West precinct at Barber Shop, Tampico, Ind.

Brownstown Township:

Precinct No. 1, at Oude Schneiders Poultry House, Ewing, Ind.

Precinct No. 2, at West Room Mrs. Lizzie Lahman's Residence, Ewing, Ind.

Precinct No. 3, at South Room Mrs. Geo. Hamilton's Business Block, Brownstown.

Precinct No. 4, at Brodhecker's

Room on North Side Walnut St., Brownstown.

Precinct No. 5, at East Room Trueblood Hotel, Ewing.

Washington Township:

Dudleytown precinct at Brethauer's Shoe Shop, Dudleytown.

Redding Township:

Rockford Precinct at Rockford School House.

Reddington Precinct at Glasson's Store, Reddington.

Vernon Township:

Crothersville Precinct at Silence Barber Shop, Crothersville.

Bethany Precinct at Greger's Store Room, Crothersville.

Uniontown Precinct at Uniontown School House, Uniontown.

Hamilton Township:

Cortland Precinct, at Cortland School House, Cortland.

Surprise Precinct at Surprise School House, Surprise.

Carr Township:

Medora Precinct, at Medora.

Sparksville Precinct at Sparksville, Owen Township.

East Precinct, at Residence of J. E. Tanner, East Side Sugar St., Clearspring.

West Precinct, at Residence of Geo. W. Hanner, West Side Sugar St., Clearspring.

Salt Creek Township:

Freetown Precinct, at Freetown School House, Freetown.

Houston Precinct, at Houston School House, Houston.

Maumee Precinct, at Henry Lutes' Store Room, Maumee.

The statute provides that:

"Every voter of the precinct is required to register at a session of the board."

If he fails to register at its September or October session he will have no right to vote at the November election.

This 24th day of August, 1912.

H. W. WACKER,

Auditor Jackson County.

Republican Convention.

The Republican county convention will be held in Seymour on Tuesday, September 10, 1912, and will be called to order at 1 p.m. The delegates to the county convention will be chosen by the Republicans in the several townships on Saturday, September 7. Each township will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate delegate for every twenty votes cast for Otis Gulley in 1910. The Republicans of each township are called to meet in mass convention at time and place designated below to select their delegates.

Brownstown township—Place of meeting, Brownstown, time 1:30 p.m., delegates 9; alternates 6.

Carr township—Place of meeting Medora; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 6; alternates 6.

Driftwood township—Place of meeting Vallonia; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 6; alternates 6.

Grassy Fork township—Place of meeting, Tampico; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 4; alternates 4.

Hamilton township—Place of meeting, Cortland; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 6; alternates 6.

Jackson township—Place of meeting, Seymour; time 7:30 p.m.; delegates 37; alternates 37.

Owen township—Place of meeting, Clearspring; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 5; alternates 5.

Redding township—Place of meeting, Walnut Grove; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 4; alternates 4.

Salt Creek township—Place of meeting, Houston; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 4; alternates 4.

Vernon township—Place of meeting, Crothersville; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 10; alternates 10.

Washington township—Place of meeting, Dudleytown; time 1:30 p.m.; delegates 3; alternates 3.

Total number of delegates to be chosen 94; alternates 94.

The Republicans are all urged to attend both the township convention on Saturday, September 7, and the county convention on Monday, September 10. A good speaker, probably one of the candidates on the state ticket, will address the county convention.

GEORGE PETER,
County Chairman.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best herbs known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Holdup men ought to be held down

FARM COLONIES.

In New England, New Jersey and some other thickly settled sections of the eastern part of the United States what are known as farm colonies are multiplying. These agricultural colonies are generally made up of foreign-born peoples who come from the same district in Italy, Russia or Hungary. Farming areas of 1,000, 2,000 and sometimes 3,000 acres are purchased and divided up into ten and twenty acre allotments. On each of these small farms a family settles and engages in the growing of fruits and garden vegetables for the supply of the larger eastern cities, says the Baltimore American. Many abandoned New England farms are thus being restored to productive usage. Quite recently a 1,000-acre tract of land in Cecil county, located along the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, near Chesapeake City, has been purchased for a Polish farm colony. This land is to be cut up into ten-acre allotments, or into about one hundred small farms, upon which as many families will locate. The colony, it will be observed, is about midway between Baltimore and Philadelphia, and is in easy communication with both cities by water route, as well as by rail. Maryland has inviting inducements for many such colonies. In southern Maryland large areas suitable for cutting into small farms may be obtained at comparatively low cost. This land, in most instances, is splendidly adapted to the growing of fruits and vegetables. The soil is of far better average quality than the sandy soil of New Jersey. Upon ten acres of land farmed intensively not only a living can be made, but ultimate affluence may be attained.

What is a jay walker? We all know him and recognize him as a pest, but Kansas City was first in giving him a name and separate classification. The jay walker is the person who walks or loiters in crowded streets, totally indifferent to the rights and convenience of those he comes in contact with there. In crossing from one sidewalk to another he ignores the cross-walks and meanders among wagons, traction cars and automobiles with a recklessness that puts the drivers in danger of heart failure. On a crowded sidewalk he keeps to the left instead of to the right, roughly shouldering his way through the oncoming stream of humanity. He stops to talk with acquaintances on busy corners, planting himself where he will most interfere with the progress of the people passing by. On the narrow boardwalk in front of an excavation for a new building he leisurely surveys the operations going on behind the fence, compelling all who wish to pass to step off upon the dirty pavement.

In opposing his wife's suit for separation a Brooklyn man declared that he furnished a flat for his wife, gave her plenty of money to run it, hired servants, did part of the cooking himself, let his father-in-law go over his books to find out his income and has been a patient and submissive husband. Such a woman should have her petition dismissed if only on the ground of being so ignorant of her own welfare as not to know when she had a good thing.

That it is an ill wind which blows nobody good was proved in a most startling way by the experience of a Connecticut cottager who lost a wallet and then found it deposited at his door by a storm which blew it three miles across the water to its owner.

This is a cynical, mercenary age. The same news item that told us how a young man proposed to his sweetheart in Detroit by telephoning from Chicago added that it cost \$4.85, just as if the expenditure might not have been justified.

The New York astronomer who predicts that before long man will be able to fly to the moon, may be right. There is not a thing in the world to prevent the feat except the law of gravitation.

Judging from the diction in a British newspaper they have "coppers" instead of "bobles" in London, which must be getting awfully Americanized.

More than twenty metal articles were found by a surgeon in the stomach of a California woman. That's carrying the souvenir fad too far.

Green pez are said to promote frivility. But with the man who tries to balance them on a fork, they promote something else.

Between the going and the returning vacationer is all the difference between anticipation and realization.

Among other irritating products of the summer are the swimmers who dive before they look.

If there is no shady side of the street, keep off the street.

Holdup men ought to be held down



SAW FALL OF FORT SUMTER.

Capt. John A. Bunker While Aboard Coasting Schooner off Charleston Witnessed Battle.

On an April day in 1861, while the guns of Moultrie and Castle Pinckney were thundering against the walls of Fort Sumter, there lay at anchor outside the harbor at Charleston, S. C., a coasting schooner. From its low-lying deck its officers and crew of half a dozen sailors watched the artillery duel that proved to be the opening scene in the Civil War.

The schooner was the Pennsylvania, chartered by Boston shippers, and freighted with ice for Charleston. One of the crew that was thus privileged to be eyewitnesses of the first overt act of rebellion against the United States government, was John Allen Bunker, then aged 23, of Edgartown, Mass.

"I was 23 years of age at the time serving before the mast in the coasting trade. Our craft, which was schooner-rigged, was owned in Rockland, Me. Early in April, 1861, we sailed out of Boston, carrying 250 tons of ice consigned to parties in Charleston, S. C. Of course we had heard for several months mutterings of impending trouble, and we knew that Major Anderson had transferred his command from the shore fortifications to Fort Sumter and was holding for Uncle Sam, but I think not a soul on board the Pennsylvania, our schooner, realized the seriousness of the situation. I know I felt no hesitation about making the trip.

"After rounding Cape Cod we ran down the coast without special delay, so far as I can remember, and in about five days, I should say, we were off Charleston, and headed for the channel leading to the city.

"Fort Sumter was being bombarded. We were four miles away but we could see the flash of the guns in Moultrie and other shore fortifications. Over all hung a great volume of smoke.

"What did we do? Why there was but one thing for the captain to do—drop the anchor, and await the outcome. It would have been suicidal to have attempted to run the gauntlet off that heavy crossfire. Yes, we were held up all right, and so through the afternoon we swung at anchor and watched the battle, too far away to judge whether one side or the other was gaining an advantage.

"There was mighty little sleep on the Pennsylvania that night, and when the morning broke every eye was strained harborside to see whether the old flag was still flying over Sumter. We could not make it out, and our fears were realized when later a harbor pilot boarded us and told us Sumter had fallen.

"Under his guidance we worked our way up the channel past the now silent forts of the city. There all was excitement. Nothing but the victory gained by the South Carolina soldiers was talked about, and a Yankee sailor was not enthusiastically welcomed.

"That port officers advised our captain to discharge his cargo without delay and get away while there was a



SECRET OF SUCCESS

Self-Reliance the Big Essential in Modern Business Life

HOW ERRAND BOY STEPPED UP

Training Acquired in Various Positions Gave Him the Necessary Equipment to Handle Big Affairs as the Man at the Top.

From errand boy in a small hardware store to the presidency of one of the largest banks in Chicago sounds like a long, hard road to travel. It is the experience of Mr. Ernest Hamill, now president of the Corn Exchange bank of Chicago. The story of how he achieved success is as short as it is interesting.

Hamill was born in Bloomington, Ind., but he was not a Hoosier very long. When he was nine months old his parents moved to Chicago. He went through the public schools, like hundreds of other boys, and attended high school.

Before the time came to finish he grew impatient and went to work. He had four brothers working in banks, and he wanted to take up the same work. For some reason or other his father wanted him to try some other vocation.

The boy found his first duties with Edwin Hunt, a hardware man.

Mr. Hamill said: "My first pay was not large, according to our present scale of wages. I got \$300 the first year. I thought that this was a princely salary, for I lived at home and my wants were few. I worked there six years. I was such a long-legged fellow for my age that my employer soon put me on the road. I liked the work, for it gave me a chance to study people and conditions. I later found this experience of great value. It taught me self-reliance. Before that time I had never been away from home five nights in my life."

By this time, through hard work and economy, Mr. Hamill had accumulated some money and started on the board of trade. He found this work exceedingly different, but the insight into conditions and human nature gained as clerk in a hardware store stood him in good stead. "I found this work strenuous," said Mr. Hamill, "and requiring nerve. But I did plenty of hard work and worried as little as possible. I was on the board during the Harper and Fairbank panics, but the training I had on the road taught me to keep my grip."

At the end of ten years Mr. Hamill was made honorary vice-president of the Corn Exchange bank. This was a different experience than his other position had given him. He was even more surprised when sixty days later the president of the bank went to Europe and he was offered his position.

"I am confident that if a man wishes to make good in a bank or in any other line of important work he must have a strong and self-reliant character," said Mr. Hamill. "He must value truth and integrity above all other things. He must have a natural taste for his work and plenty of common sense. Common sense is always above par and is a rarer quality than we think it is. It is not necessary to be a genius nor even brilliant. It is better to be well rounded instead of being brilliant in spots. To be a successful banker one must be rational, not easily excited, and be able to read human nature."

Mr. Hamill says opportunities to hold lucrative and responsible positions in banks and elsewhere are far better than when he started to work. He says: "There is plenty of room on top, though things may be a little crowded below. Heads of banks are continually on the lookout for capable and self-reliant men; there are often vacancies of this kind, but not the men for the place."

"For capital alone cannot run any business. It takes brains and the combined thinking power of ten men better than one man alone. If there is no vacancy higher up in a bank in which a man is working, he can always get something in a smaller bank or in a large bank in a smaller city. I am confident that if a man loves his work and is determined to succeed he has splendid opportunities in a bank and in a hundred different callings."

Trained Men Scarce.

The demand for trained and experienced men is never supplied. Most business and industrial organizations find their growth impeded by the dearth of such men. To employ men trained by competitors or by inferior organizations is expensive and unsatisfactory. A man trained till he has become valuable to his "parent organization" is not likely to be equally valuable to other organizations that might employ him at a later time. In general, the most valuable men in any organization are the men who have grown up in it.—Business.

Get Out of the Rut.

The man who wonders why the other fellow was advanced above him, why he doesn't get an increase in salary, why he's the first to be laid off when business is slack, why he's always so "unlucky," who patiently plods along without hope, or energy to attain anything better, could get out of the rut quickly if he would break away from the "wait-a-minute" habit.

FAMOUS OLD ENGINES

ONE BUILT IN 1847 STILL IN USE ON CUBAN RAILROAD.

Locomotives Which Played Their Part in the Evolution of the Modern Powerful Machines Are Still Doing Service.

On a Cuban railroad at Santiago is an interesting relic of early railway this country. It goes back to a period when hundreds of curious and impractical contrivances were being put forward in an effort to solve the new problems in railroading.

Many of the development in old engines which played their part in the evolution of the modern immense and powerful locomotives are still in existence. A few of them are even in actual use.

And the Railroad Men's Magazine is performing a service to the history of science and industry by collecting records and pictures of these interesting and significant factors in the development of the country.

The one now used on the Cuban railroad has nothing of the freakish about it. That is, it was not a freak when it was built, though naturally it looks rather curious now. But it is especially interesting because it is the oldest Baldwin locomotive still in running order. Constructed in 1847 by M. W. Baldwin and placed at once on the rails for service, it is still being used. Few, if any, of the original parts have been replaced.

It has no air brake and no trucks. The slanting cylinders are 16 by 26 inches and the left engine is the leading engine. There are two scales for safety valves. The smokestack is seven feet four inches high and four feet six inches in diameter at the larger end.

When the St. Louis exposition was held in 1904 the Baldwin company, anxious to include the old engine in its exhibit, offered the Cuban road a locomotive of the type then most modern, but the Cubans refused the offer. It was only an accident that caused the construction of the Judah, the first engine to cross the summit of the Sierra Nevada mountains. A lumber company in Nevada purchased from the Southern Pacific company an engine which had formerly been used on the run from Sacramento and Folsom. The Judah proved to be inefficient as a switcher in the lumber yards and was abandoned.

While on the Southern Pacific it was used to pull Senator Leland Stanford's pay car over the division. The locomotive was built by the Vulcan Iron Works in 1865. The plate on the head end reads, "Vulcan Iron Works, o. 6, 1865." The forward wheels are stamped "C. P. R. R., 1884," and were evidently cast in Sacramento, Cal.

The Judah will probably be sold back to the railroad and placed on exhibition at the Panama-Pacific exposition in 1915. It is now the property of the Sierra Nevada Wood and Lumber company of Hobart Mills, Cal.

One of the most thrilling incidents of the Civil war was that in which the old engine, the Texas, played so important a part. William J. Knight, an engineer who served as a private in company E of the Twenty-first Ohio Infantry, was selected by his captain, L. E. Brewster, to attempt to steal a Confederate train which was being hauled by the famous locomotive, the General. James J. Andrews, the famous Kentucky scout and raider, was chosen as fireman. Their company was encamped at Shelbyville, Tenn.

After reconnoitering, they clambered on the engine while the crew was absent at breakfast, uncoupled a few of the cars in order that they might make the best time possible, opened up the throttle and steamed away. The Confederates soon learned of the disappearance of the train and, suspecting a Union plot, started in pursuit. At Adairsville, where Knight was obliged to sidetrack to permit a freight train to pass, the pursuers came into sight. Captain Fuller was in charge of the Confederate party.

At Adairsville he abandoned his locomotive, and the Texas was used in its place. With sparks flying from its drivers the Texas gradually drew up and Knight and Andrews, having used all the fuel in the tender, were obliged to abandon the General. They were captured, and later escaped from the Atlanta prison. The Texas is now resting peacefully in San Antonio, Tex.

How Tailors Sew on Buttons.

Tailors double their thread used to sew on buttons and make a knot and hold the knot in the teeth while they twist the thread, then they wax it, and that keeps it twisted.

Then they put a pin across the button and after the buttons are sewed on they remove the pin and wind the thread around several times, making a kind of a stem. This makes it more easy to button the garment. The buttons on children's waists should be sewed in this way so more than one garment can be buttoned on the same waist.—National Magazine.

Keeps the Water in.

Concrete water barrels used for fire protection on a railroad in the south show no loss of water except by evaporation.

Clam Chowder

Efficiency the One Great Thing the Worker Should Seek to Attain.

MEANS BETTER PAY

HARD TO CONVINCE IDLE THEY SHOULD BE DOERS.

True Animal Story That Can Be Applied to Men and Women and Fit Like a Glove.

It is hard to convince rich, idle people that it would be well for them if they had to work. Here is a true story that if taken as a parable may attract their attention. It is a parable only in that it relates to one of what we call the lower animals, but it can be applied to men and women so as to fit their case like a glove.

The animal was the eland in Central Park, New York. When he was brought into the open inclosure this year he was in the position of the idle rich among mankind. He had nothing to do but eat and sleep and play. He became bored, declined in health, almost ceased to eat. Then the keeper, who seems to be a wise man, decided that life was too easy for him. His wisdom being practical, he began by hiding the eland's food under a box and weighting the box down so that it took strength and some intelligence to move it. At first the eland did not care, but presently curiosity and hunger both impelled to learn about that box. He may have smelled the food; he may have been stimulated by the presence of hunger and the apparent absence of food to begin hunting for the means of subsistence. At any rate, after a time he applied himself to getting into that box, broke it to pieces and ate with renewed appetite. The next time the food was hidden in a different place, and the eland continued to find and eat it and began to improve in condition.

"The fact that 1,000 of the leading business and professional men of the United States have formed a society for the promotion of efficiency in business is the best possible evidence of the value of conserving the time, energy and resources of both employees and employers," declared Bion J. Arnold of Chicago, who was chosen as one of the directors of the new organization recently in New York.

"The big business interests are coming more and more to realize the necessity for efficient methods, and they are saving money in every conceivable way. Not only that, but they are safeguarding the health and strength of employees and are arranging their work so that it is accomplished with a minimum of effort. One of the most beneficial results of the efficiency movement, viewed from the standpoint of the worker, is the better sanitary arrangements and more comfortable quarters that are being provided. Employers are beginning to realize that healthy workers can do more and better work in clean, comfortable buildings than they can when conditions are just the opposite.

"The person who has an idea that the big corporations are wasting money these days is mistaken. On the contrary, every penny is being watched as carefully as if it were a dollar.

"I recently read an article which contained the best definition of efficiency I ever heard. It is to the effect that efficiency aims to make the work easy by doing away with all obstacles to good work. It is efficient to have a shop sanitary, because healthy employees can work better and their benches are not idle. It is efficient to provide machinery with safety guards, because law suits are expensive, as is also the training of new men to take the place of disabled employees. True efficiency is more interested in the welfare of the human machine than in any other part of the workings of a plant.

"Efficiency is one of the two ways of permanently increasing wages. The only other way is by raising the cost to the consumer. Harrington Emerson, an efficiency expert, declares that the efficiency of men taken as a whole is less than five per cent, that in the aggregate only 60 per cent. of materials are efficiently utilized, and that the efficiency of equipment is less than 30 per cent. He says that the truth of his statements can as readily be verified as can an assayer duplicate the assay of an ore sample.

"If that is true, then surely there is an urgent need for efficiency in every line of business. And the best part of efficiency is that the more it is practiced the more it will benefit competing firms. For instance, a New Jersey silk manufacturer has a plant which is said to be a model of efficiency. As a result, his cost of production is phenomenally low. Instead of keeping his methods secret, he invites others in the same line to visit his factory and learn his system. In explanation of his attitude he says he can sell as low as anyone can and pay a profit, and that the better business methods his competitors use the more stable will the silk business become.

"Efficiency methods can be used just as effectively in a small business as in a large one. The principle is the same in all. It is saving in the small things that counts most, both as regards time, materials and labor. No business can hope to succeed in these days of strong competition unless it is operated on a systematic plan."

The Altruistic Spirit.

A man of narrow prejudices believes that all the world must do as he does, think as he does, go up and down as he does. Unfortunately, there are just such men today. They have never heard of the altruistic spirit, and they would hardly understand a definition of it. In his "Thoughts on the Conduct of the Undeclared War," Basil Montague says: "Of prejudice it has been truly said that it has the singular ability of accommodating itself to all the possible varieties of the human mind."

Let the mind be as empty as the walls of an empty and forsaken tenement, gloomy as a dungeon, or ornamented with the richest abilities of thinking; let it be hot, cold, dark or light, lonely or inhabited, still prejudice, if undisturbed, will fill it with cobwebs, and live like the spider where there seems nothing to live on."

Smart as a Lawyer.

First Burglar—You was mighty lucky to get cleared, but that there lawyer charged ye about all ye stole, didn't he?

Second Burglar—That don't matter. I'll watch my chance when he goes home tonight and get it back.

WORKING FOR A LIVING

HARD TO CONVINCE IDLE THEY SHOULD BE DOERS.

True Animal Story That Can Be Applied to Men and Women and Fit Like a Glove.

Mrs. Adams beamed in conscious pride as she lifted the telephone receiver from the hook.

"Oh, I just know it's Jane," she murmured, ecstatically, to her caller, as she waited. "You'll excuse me, won't you? It won't take long, and we're going to call each other up every single week while she's at college. You see, this is her first week and I just know—

"Yes, yes. Hello! Yes, this is Mrs. Adams. Oh, Jane, is that you. Your voice sounded just as natural. You poor child, you must be terribly lonely!" (Aside—"She's never been away before.")

"Oh, I'm so glad you like it!" (Aside—"She's so brave.")

"You're just getting settled? Haven't started your studies yet? Don't know what you'll take? That's right, dear, be sure you're comfortable first."

"Yes, darling, I'll be glad to make it. Chocolate, you say? Are you sure it won't be crushed in the express? Oh, very well. Just a moment, until I get a pencil and paper to put down the address.

(Aside—"She's asking me to send her a cake. They're to have a spread, and she promised to furnish the cake. Isn't that just like her, to offer to help right away? Jane is always so anxious to help others. You must excuse me—when I think of her away of there all alone, and no one to do things for her, it brings tears to my eyes! Oh, dear, where shall I find pencil and paper?")

"Here I am, Jane, dear. It's so hard to find writing material in this house. There! Yes, I have it. I'll make it to-night and take it right over to the express office. Yes, I'll make a few of those rocks, too, and—all right, some ginger nuts, too. Oh, I'll put in lots of good things, to surprise you."

"Is your bed soft, dear? Have you enough coverings? Oh, just a minute, dear, there goes the door bell." (Mrs. Adams hastens to the door, returning in about five minutes.)

"Hello, Jane! It was your Aunt May, in the auto. She wanted to take me out. No, I told her I didn't want to go. She said Jim is engaged to that Smith girl. Yes, it's a shame. I'll never get over being glad that you were a girl instead of a boy.

"So you like the girls? I'm so glad! One's friends count for so much when one's away from home!

"Isn't it lovely to have the telephone? I've been counting, ever since you left, on talking with you! It at most seems as if you were at home here!

"Be careful, won't you, dear, not to get your feet wet, and to wear your warm coat, if it's the least bit damp. And don't study too hard. Ambition is all right, but don't overdo it, dear. You've got your whole life before you. What? You wish you had another party dress? Your pink is too plain? Well, I'll see if Mrs. Simmons can make another for you. Write me just how you want it made, and we'll have it there before the dance.

"You want to join a sorority? All right. But be careful to get in with the nicest girls, won't you? I trust you perfectly.

"Well, be good, and don't miss us too much—and write often—and call me up soon, won't you—whenever you're lonely? Goodby.

"Why, central! It was not! The idea! Twenty minutes? Why, we talked only about three minutes. Five at the most. Well, could I help it if the doorbell rang, and I had to leave for a while? Why, I most assuredly did not have the wire when I was at the door! Very well, send the bill, and we shall see!" She thumped down the telephone receiver.

"The idea! Charging for twenty minutes, when I just said hello to Jane. I shall tell my husband! They think they can do anything they please, but he'll talk to them! Poor Jane! She's so lonely! And these selfish telephone people won't let me talk without charging such awful prices!"

By Long

Distance

Denmark has about 85 head of cattle to every 100 inhabitants.

Berlin has 1,001 streets and 79 bridges, not including railroad bridges. The number of horses in Paris has decreased nearly 16,000 in the last decade.

The average man's brain weighs five ounces more than the average woman's.

So acute is the turkey buzzard's sense of smell that it can scent food 40 miles away.

Experiments in France have shown that ordinary sod makes an efficient filter for sewage.

Valuable deposits of asbestos have been discovered in China and three mines have been opened.

California mines have yielded more than \$100,000,000 of quicksilver in the last 60 years.

The manufacture of wood pulp paper involves 28 separate operations from cutting down the trees to selling the product.

Sick and Tired of It.

Gracie was entertaining unexpected visitors while her mother dressed, and the ladies, during a lull in the rather strained conversation, fell to spelling out sentences about her.

"Rather a quaint child," said one, trusting to the child's implied ignorance of her letters.

"Yes," complained Gracie before the other lady could reply, "but she can't help it, an' she's awful tired of being called quaint."



ARE YOU A MOOSE? IF NOT, JOIN NOW.

The Moose pays seven dollars a week, sick or accident, one hundred dollars death benefit. Dues are seventy-five cents a month and no assessments. Free medical attention is furnished to all members and their families. Charter now open. Initiation five dollars. After closing of charter initiation will be twenty-five.

For information see

C. A. SEBRIGHT, Organizer.

Over Gates' Cigar Store. With Oscar B. Abel.

Peroxide Face Cream

has won honors from 75,000 women. These honors have been won by merit, and not by advertising. Did you ever see A. D. S. Peroxide Cream advertised in the Saturday Evening Post or Ladies Home Journal? No, it is on account of its delightful odor, its bleaching and purifying tendencies and its genuine healing and soothing qualities that it is in constant and growing demand. Ask to test it, at

Rucker's Drug Store

Dep. Interurban Station. Phone 789.

OSTEOPATHY

is Nature's way to bring comfort, add health, prolong life. It helps all, cures many, injures none. Both lady and gentleman Osteopaths at 14 West Second St., Seymour. Office phone, 557; Residence, 305.

SPAINBURST OSTEOPATHS,
Trained under the Founder at Kirksville, Mo.

Five Widely-Different easy-selling Magazines want a representative to cover local territory

There's
big money for the right
man or woman, young
you want work for one
8 hours a day, write at
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
Butterick Bldg., New York

We Handle the Famous Douglas Shoe The Shoe with a Guarantee behind it PHILADELPHIA BARGAIN STORE

TRY A BOX OF
POLLY'S Pile Salve
It is not like the Pharisee Prayer,
known for its much speaking, but
more like the prayer of Publican—
FEW WORDS BUT MIGHTY!
Sold by A. J. PELLENS

Baptist Choir.
The Baptist choir will rehearse at
the church at 7:30 Friday evening.
Every member is urged to be present.

Auto passenger service. Phone
Ackerman. 331dtf

The year Ice Cream at Sweany's
m3dtf

Phone 621 for ice. John J. Cobb.

If you have Republican Advertising
on your mind, you're right.

Fresh lot Red Seal batteries, this
week 20¢ each. We test them. Neal
& Emig Supply Co., 22 St. Louis Ave.
Phone 402. a31dtw

Give him Benefit of the Doubt.
His wife looks as if she had some
secret sorrow.

Yes, but don't blame him too harshly. Her shoes may be too tight.

We do "Printing that Please."

HIS CONFIDENCE.

"Well, George," she called from the top of the stairs at 1 a.m., "what was it this time? Did your lodge meet or was it necessary for you to stay in town to discuss business with somebody who had to catch a midnight train, or did you drop in at the club and get into a friendly little game with some of the boys, or was it an extra rush of work at the office?"

He clung to the newel post for a moment and, blinking, looked up at her. Then he endeavored to moisten his lips and said:

"Mary, if I didn't have confidens in you I'd think you were shushpicious of me—hones', I would."

Would Be a Shame Not to Stay.
"I think, dear," said her mother, "we will start for home this morning."

"Oh, no, mother. I don't want to go yet. Let us wait until tomorrow, anyhow?"

"Why till tomorrow?"

"There's one young man here who hasn't proposed to me yet. I think if I can have one more evening I shall be able to go home with a batting average of 1,000."

COMES HIGH.



The Parson—Honesty is a good thing.

The Politician—Yes; but you've got to make a bunch of money before you can afford it.

The Best Medium.
These signboard people may be wise, But I confess That when I want to advertise I use the press.

A Courageous Physician.
Doctor—Mrs. Knagg, your husband needs six months' rest. Half of it he must spend in Europe.

Mrs. Knagg—Oh, splendid! I shall be delighted to go there.

Doctor—That's what I've planned. You can go for three months after he returns. That will give a full six months' rest.

Some of Them.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—They say that a man who is about to be married is always lucky.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Well, I was reading only today that during the last century seven instances were recorded in the British Isles in which the bride married the best man by mistake.

Fully Equipped.

Exultantly the writer of short stories closed the book of synonyms he had been examining for an hour or more.

"I've found ninety-seven totally different words I can use in place of the verb 'said!'" he exclaimed.

This indispensable detail having been attended to, he began writing his story.

He Was.

"Here's a stone I got at a bargain the other day," said the man with the dyed mustache. "I'd like to have you tell me whether it's a real diamond or not."

The jeweler examined it.
"Paste," he decided, handing it back.
"Stuck!" exclaimed the other.

THEN HE UNDERSTOOD.



First Guest (at reception)—Have you a speaking acquaintance with that lady in black?

Second Guest—No; I have a listening acquaintance with her. She has a speaking acquaintance with me.

First Guest—I don't understand.

Second Guest—She's my wife.

His Share.
A pugilist got badly whipped;
Yet life to him was sunny;
For every time a blow would land
He'd think about the money.

Giving Him Benefit of the Doubt.
His wife looks as if she had some secret sorrow.

Yes, but don't blame him too harshly. Her shoes may be too tight.

We do "Printing that Please."

NATURALIZATION PAPERS REQUIRED

Registry Law Make Them Necessary
For Each Voter Born in Foreign
Country Unless Father Voted.

MANY HAVE VOTED FOR YEARS
Several Jackson County Citizens Find
Themselves in an Unusual Situation
as Result of Law.

A number of voters, who were born in foreign countries but have lived in Jackson county practically all of their lives, have just come to the realization that they have never taken out naturalization papers and although they have been voting for many years, they have not legally been entitled to the right of suffrage. This fact has been brought out by the new registration law for when such voters registered they were informed that they would not be permitted to vote as they had no proof that they were legally American citizens.

Some of the men, who find themselves facing this condition, are among the most prominent in the county and they were greatly surprised to hear that they were not entitled to a vote. A number of naturalization papers have already been filed with the county clerk and others will be filed out before September 6, which is the next date for registration.

Under the law a voter born in a foreign country is required to take out two sets of naturalization papers before he is entitled to a vote unless his father has been naturalized and has voted in previous elections. With the first set of papers a foreign born citizen must swear that it is his intention to become a citizen of America and that he has been a resident of the country for six months. This entitles him to vote at any election within two years after he takes out such papers. After the expiration of that time it is necessary for him to take out the second set of papers stating that he has been a resident of the country for two years and that he is ready to swear allegiance to the United States. The cost of these papers is not large and they may be secured from the county clerk.

Henry Drinkenberg, a well known farmer of Hamilton township, is one of the voters who has found that he is not legally entitled to a vote although he has lived in Jackson county since 1873 and has been voting at every election for thirty-five years. Mr. Drinkenberg came to America with his father in 1871 and settled in Kentucky. Two years later he came to Jackson county but his father died a short time afterwards and before he had exercised his privilege of suffrage. As his father had never voted in America, it is necessary for Mr. Drinkenberg to take out naturalization papers even at this late date before he could register and be entitled to a vote at the November election. He said that there were a number of other people in his community who were facing the same problem and that they were making arrangements to take out the necessary papers at once. Some of the voters of the county who have lived here practically their entire lives and whose vote has never been challenged, think it strange that they would not be entitled to vote now and have investigated the new law closely.

It is said that there are quite a number of voters in the county who are bitterly opposed to the registration law and have stated that they will not register this fall. Of course such voters will not be entitled to cast a ballot at the fall election, as the law states specifically that every voter must register at one of the three registration days named.

To Dry Lace Curtains.

Housekeepers who possess quilting frames but not curtain stretchers will find the former an excellent substitute for the stretchers in drying their lace curtains of various sizes. The frames with clamps can be made to fit any curtains if not too long, in which case they may be turned back.

Pin the curtains along the sides, then fit the frames, not pulling the lace too much. The next curtains may be "hooked" on the same pins. After three curtains are on it is well to put on the next with more pins. As many as six large curtains may be dried at one time in this way.

Found Wanting.

"What makes you think Biggs is a patriotic citizen?"

"Why, he isn't as much interested in the score of the local baseball club as he is in a convention away off in some distant town."

We do "Printing that Please."

HENRY GEORGE, JR.

Son of Famous Single Taxer
Suffering Nervous Prostration.



Washington, Aug. 30.—Representative Henry George, jr., of New York, son of the celebrated single taxer, is confined to his home here with nervous breakdown.

Vandal Cuts Horses' Throats.
Brookville, Ind., Aug. 29.—Clifford Stenger, a farmer living about eight miles east of here, on going to his pasture to get his horses, found a horse valued at \$250 dead, with its throat cut. The farmers have offered a reward of \$100 for any information leading to the arrest of the guilty party. This is the second case of the kind in that section of the county in the last three months.

Boxing Bout Ends in Insanity.
Bedford, Ind., Aug. 29.—As a result of injuries received a short time ago in a boxing match, John Concannon, a young man of this city, is in a serious condition mentally, and as a result of an insanity inquest he will be taken to the insane hospital for treatment.

Lafayette Cleaning Up.

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 29.—Two thousand dollars' worth of gamblers' apparel was seized by the local police in a raid on gambling rooms in the business district of the city. Other alleged gambling places were visited, but were not operating.

For Business and Pleasure.
"What does this mean, Sam?" said Judge Brown to the prisoner, producing two razors, one a safety, the other a straight back.

"Lordy, Judge, don't you all know? Dat safety am fur shavin', suh, but de udher am fur social posse entirely, suh—"Judge.

THE NATIONAL GAME

Contests in the Three Big Leagues
Noted Here at a Glance.

National League.

At New York—R.H.E.
Brooklyn... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 7 1
New York... 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2—4 10 2

Ragon, Rucker and Miller; Treaseau and Meyers.

At Chicago—R.H.E.
St. Louis... 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 2—6 12 1
Chicago... 1 0 0 0 1 5 3 0 *—10 12 3

Harmon, Woodburn and Wingo; Richie, Smith and Archer.

At Philadelphia—R.H.E.
Philadelphia... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—6 3
Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 0 *—4 9 0

Perdue and Kling; Rixey and Killifer.

At Pittsburgh—R.H.E.

Cincinnati... 3 0 2 0 0 0 1 1 0—7 10 0

Pittsburg... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 6 2

Suggs and McLean; O'Toole, Cooper and Simon.

American League.

At Boston—R.H.E.

Philadelphia... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—6 3

Boston.... 1 0 0 4 2 0 0 1 *—8 8 1

Plank, Brown and Thomas; Collins and Carrigan.

At Washington—R.H.E.

New York... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—6 0

Washington. 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 *—2 5 0

Fisher and Sterrett; Engle and Alsmith.

American Association.

At Minneapolis, 4; Louisville, 0.

Second game—Louisville, 7; Minneapolis, 8.

At Milwaukee, 3; Toledo, 4. Second game—Toledo, 7; Milwaukee, 4.

At Kansas City, 2; Columbus, 4.

At St. Paul, 3; Indianapolis, 7.

CONGDON & DURHAM,

Fire, Tornado, Liability, Accident and

Sick Benefit INSURANCE.

Real Estate, Rental Agency

Prompt attention to all business.

FRECKLES

ew Drug That Quickly Removes These Homely Spots.

Now, no longer the slightest need of

feeling ashamed of your freckles, as a

new drug, osthine—double strength has

been discovered that positively removes the homely spots.